

AdvancedCommunication Reference Manual
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1 Advanced Communication package Documentation

Author:

EGO SW Group

Date:

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Note:

created

1.1 Introduction

The Advance Communication package contains the base library to allow hardware devices to communicate with a server. Depending on the protocol used a specific configuration must be implemented.

1.2 Software architecture

A single factory interface class called [ACComm](#) embeds several communication protocols like serial, ethernet, modbus, canbus, To each different communication protocol is associated a subclasses of [ACComm](#) :

- [ACRSComm](#): implements a communication via through the Serial protocol (SERIAL_PORT).
- [ACEthComm](#): implements a communication through the Ethernet protocol (ETHERNET).
- [ACMBComm](#): communication using ModBus protocol (MB_COMM).
- [ACCanComm](#): communication using the CanBus protocol (CAN_COMM).

The interface [ACComm](#) defines 4 main methods:

- **Open** : Does not take arguments and insures the opening of the channel
- **Close** : Does not take arguments and insures the closing of the channel
- **Read** : Takes a predefined number of arguments depending of the protocol used
- **Write** : Takes a predefined number of arguments depending of the protocol used

1.3 Channel communication configuration

To create a channel object, one must provide 3 types of information depending on the protocol used:

- Protocol = {{SERIAL_PORT},{ETHERNET},{MB_COMM},{CAN_COMM}}.
- Address = {{/dev/ttyS0},{IP},{IP},{}}
- Settings = {{baudrate,vtime,flow control},{port,read timeout, write timeout},{},{netID,#conn trial,sleep}}

Once a channel is Open for a given protocol, the use of the Write and Read methods can be done in different authorized manners, depending on the type of device internal settings. The default usage will be always:

- Write(message,NULL);
- Read(message,NULL);

More parameters can be included in Write and Read which are described in the different methods implementations.

1.4 Example code for Ethernet communication

1.4.1 Channel creation

The configuration for the Ethernet communication requires:

The code name of the protocol:

```
string Protocol = "ETHERNET";
```

The IP address:

```
string Address = "192.168.103.32";
```

The communication port:

```
string Port = "2001";
```

The read time-out (in seconds):

```
string Read_Delay = "1";
```

The write time-out (in seconds):

```
string Write_Delay = "1";
```

The settings string reads:

```
string Settings = Port + "," + Read_Delay + "," + Write_Delay;
```

```
ACComm *Channel;
```

```
Channel = ACComm::Create (Protocol, Address, Settings );
```

1.4.2 Open Channel

```
if (Channel->Open () < 0)
```

```
{
```

```
CfgMsgAddError ("Channel open failed at address %s\n",  
Address.c_str ());  
}
```

1.4.3 Write Channel

```
string message;  
message = "PR" + "\r\n";  
CfgMsgAddFmt(CFG_INFO,ADVCOMMDEBUG,NULL, "Write message: %s", message.c_str());  
if (Channel->Write (message,NULL) < (int)message.length())  
{  
CfgMsgAddWarning ("Write message failure");  
}
```

1.4.4 Read Channel

```
string message;  
CfgMsgAddFmt(CFG_INFO,ADVCOMMDEBUG,NULL, "Read level value");  
if (!Channel->Read (message,NULL))  
{  
CfgMsgAddWarning ("Read message failure");  
}
```

1.4.5 Close Channel

```
if (Channel->Close () < 0)  
{  
CfgMsgAddError ("Channel close failed at address %s\n",  
Address.c_str ());  
}
```

2 AdvancedCommunication Namespace Documentation

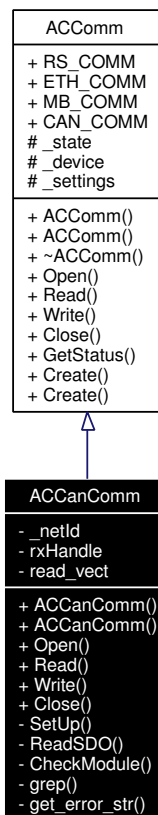
2.1 std Namespace Reference

3 AdvancedCommunication Data Structure Documentation

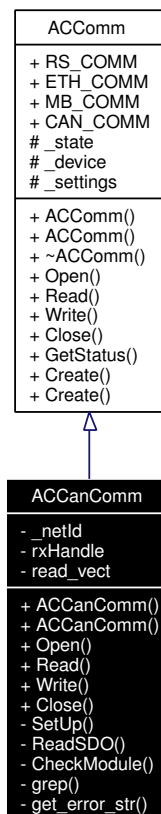
3.1 ACCanComm Class Reference

```
#include <ACCanComm.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for ACCanComm:



Collaboration diagram for ACCanComm:



Public Member Functions

- [ACCanComm](#) (string device, string settings)
- [ACCanComm](#) (const [ACCanComm](#) &channel)
- virtual int [Open](#) ()
- virtual int [Read](#) (string &message,...)
- virtual int [Write](#) (string &message,...)
- virtual int [Close](#) ()

Private Member Functions

- int [Setup](#) ()
- int [ReadSDO](#) (int deviceNumber, int inputNumber, short *CBM_AI4Value)
- int [CheckModule](#) ()
- int [grep](#) (string &filename, string keyword)
- char * [get_error_str](#) (char *str_buf, long ntstatus)

Private Attributes

- int [_netId](#)
- NTCAN_HANDLE [rxHandle](#)
- vector< int > [read_vect](#)

3.1.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.1.1.1 ACCanComm::ACCanComm (string *device*, string *settings*) [inline]

Constructor

3.1.1.2 ACCanComm::ACCanComm (const ACCanComm & *channel*) [inline]

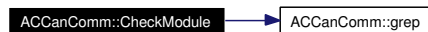
Constructor

3.1.2 Member Function Documentation

3.1.2.1 int ACCanComm::CheckModule () [private]

CANBUS CheckModule methods verifies that the machine is suitably configured to operate CanBus protocol

Here is the call graph for this function:



3.1.2.2 int ACCanComm::Close () [virtual]

Close the Communication Channel.

The Close method allows to close the channel

Implements [ACComm](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



3.1.2.3 char * ACCanComm::get_error_str (char * *str_buf*, long *ntstatus*) [private]

The get_error_str methods returns a string associated with CANBUS errors

Parameters:

str_buf The error string returned

ntstatus The error number

3.1.2.4 int ACCanComm::grep (string & *filename*, string *keyword*) [private]

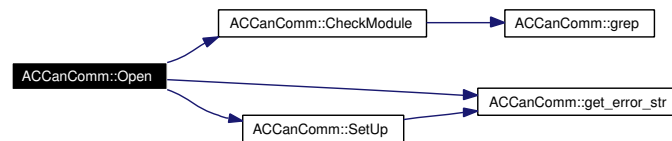
grep utility function

3.1.2.5 int ACCanComm::Open () [virtual]

The Open method allows to open the channel

Implements [ACComm](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



3.1.2.6 int ACCanComm::Read (string & message, ...) [virtual]

The Read method allows to read in the channel

Parameters:

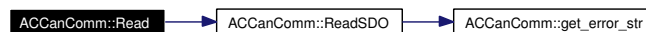
message The message to be read

... The parametrization must be either of the following:

- NULL : no default mode (will return a failure)
- "SDO",deviceNumber (int), inputNumber (int) : reads a value using the ReadSDO function. Requires the device number and the (analog) input number

Implements [ACComm](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



3.1.2.7 int ACCanComm::ReadSDO (int deviceNumber, int inputNumber, short * CBM_AI4Value) [private]

ReadSDO methods performs a read using a single point-to-point SDO transfer

Parameters:

deviceNumber The device number

inputNumber The analogic input number

CBM_AI4Value The returned value

Here is the call graph for this function:



3.1.2.8 int ACCanComm::SetUp () [private]

This methods inits the CANBUS channel

Here is the call graph for this function:



3.1.2.9 int ACCanComm::Write (string & message, ...) [virtual]

The Write method allows to write in the channel

Parameters:

message The message to be read

...

Implements [ACComm](#).

3.1.3 Field Documentation

3.1.3.1 int ACCanComm::_netId [private]

CANBUS Net Identifier (located in /etc/esd-plugin file)

3.1.3.2 vector<int> ACCanComm::read_vect [private]

The vector of read device Ids

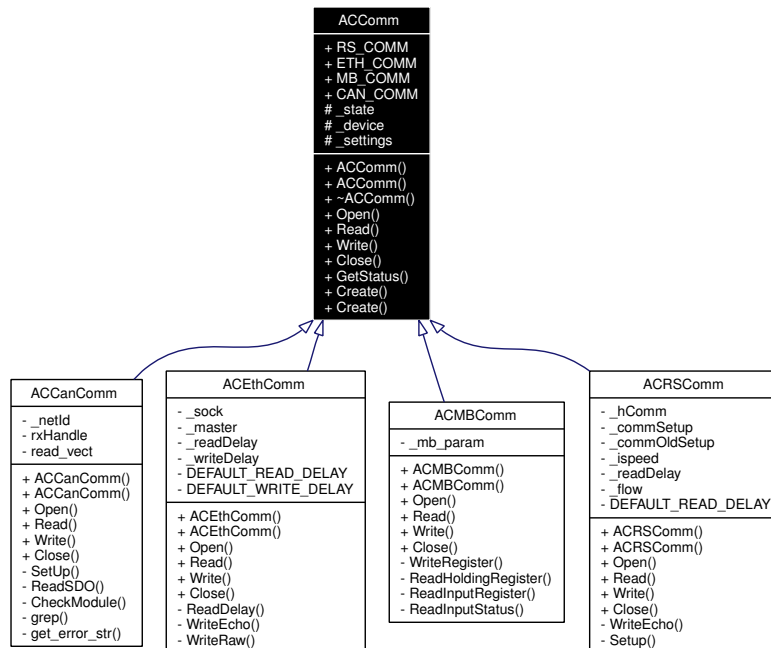
3.1.3.3 NTCAN_HANDLE ACCanComm::rxHandle [private]

The handle associated with the CANBUS channel

3.2 ACComm Class Reference

```
#include <ACComm.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for ACComm:



Public Types

- enum { [OPEN](#), [CLOSED](#) }

Public Member Functions

- [ACComm](#) (string device, string settings)
- [ACComm](#) (const [ACComm](#) &channel)
- virtual [~ACComm](#) ()
- virtual int [Open](#) ()=0
- virtual int [Read](#) (string &message,...)=0
- virtual int [Write](#) (string &message,...)=0
- virtual int [Close](#) ()=0
- virtual int [GetStatus](#) () const

Static Public Member Functions

- [ACComm](#) * [Create](#) (string channelType, string device, string settings)
- [ACComm](#) * [Create](#) (const [ACComm](#) *prefChannel)

Static Public Attributes

- const string [RS_COMM](#) = "SERIAL_PORT"
- const string [ETH_COMM](#) = "ETHERNET"
- const string [MB_COMM](#) = "MB_COMM"
- const string [CAN_COMM](#) = "CAN_COMM"

Protected Attributes

- int [_state](#)
- string [_device](#)
- string [_settings](#)

3.2.1 Member Enumeration Documentation

3.2.1.1 anonymous enum

The state values of the channel communication

Enumeration values:

OPEN

CLOSED

3.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.2.2.1 ACComm::ACComm (string device, string settings)

Constructor

Parameters:

device The device name or address

settings The setting string as set in the configuration file

3.2.2.2 ACComm::ACComm (const ACComm & channel) [inline]

Copy Constructor

Parameters:

channel The object to be copied

3.2.2.3 virtual ACComm::~~ACComm () [inline, virtual]

Destructor

3.2.3 Member Function Documentation**3.2.3.1** virtual int ACComm::Close () [pure virtual]

The Close method allows to close the channel communication port

Implemented in ACCanComm, ACEthComm, ACMBComm, and ACRSComm.

3.2.3.2 ACComm * ACComm::Create (const ACComm * prefChannel) [static]

Copy factory instantiator

Parameters:

prefChannel The communication object to be instantiated

3.2.3.3 ACComm * ACComm::Create (string channelType, string device, string settings) [static]

The Create method is the factory instantiator of the communication object

Parameters:

channelType The type of channel to be instantiated (SERIAL,ETHERNET MB_COMM,CAN_COMM)

device The device name or address as set in the configuration file

settings The settings string as set in the configuration file

3.2.3.4 virtual int ACComm::GetStatus () const [inline, virtual]

The GetStatus returns the channel status (OPEN or CLOSE)

3.2.3.5 virtual int ACComm::Open () [pure virtual]

The Open method allows to open the channel communication port

Implemented in ACCanComm, ACEthComm, ACMBComm, and ACRSComm.

3.2.3.6 virtual int ACComm::Read (string & message, ...) [pure virtual]

The Read method allows to read in the channel communication port

Parameters:

message The message to be read

... Various parameters depending on the type of protocol used

Implemented in [ACCanComm](#), [ACEthComm](#), [ACMBComm](#), and [ACRSComm](#).

3.2.3.7 virtual int ACComm::Write (string & message, ...) [pure virtual]

The Write method allows to write in the channel communication port

Parameters:

message The message to be written

... Various parameters depending on the type of protocol used

Implemented in [ACCanComm](#), [ACEthComm](#), [ACMBComm](#), and [ACRSComm](#).

3.2.4 Field Documentation

3.2.4.1 string ACComm::_device [protected]

The internal device name of the channel communication

3.2.4.2 string ACComm::_settings [protected]

The internal settings of the channel communication

3.2.4.3 int ACComm::_state [protected]

The internal state of the channel communication

3.2.4.4 const string ACComm::CAN_COMM = "CAN_COMM" [static]

The canbus protocol code name

3.2.4.5 const string ACComm::ETH_COMM = "ETHERNET" [static]

The ethernet protocol code name

3.2.4.6 const string ACComm::MB_COMM = "MB_COMM" [static]

The modbus protocol code name

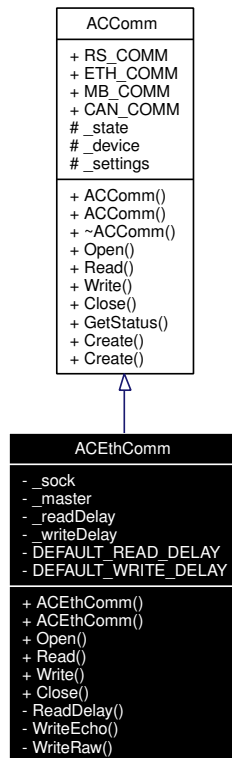
3.2.4.7 const string ACComm::RS_COMM = "SERIAL_PORT" [static]

The serial port protocol code name

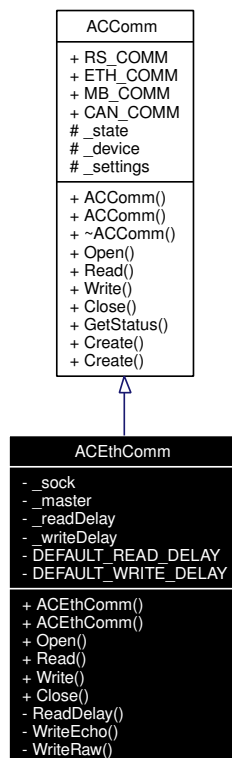
3.3 ACEthComm Class Reference

```
#include <ACEthComm.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for ACEthComm:



Collaboration diagram for ACEthComm:



Public Member Functions

- [ACEthComm](#) (string device, string settings)
- [ACEthComm](#) (const [ACEthComm](#) &channel)
- virtual int [Open](#) ()
- virtual int [Read](#) (string &message,...)
- virtual int [Write](#) (string &message,...)
- virtual int [Close](#) ()

Private Member Functions

- virtual int [ReadDelay](#) (string &message, int usec)
- virtual int [WriteEcho](#) (string message)
- virtual int [WriteRaw](#) (string message)

Private Attributes

- int [_sock](#)
- fd_set [_master](#)
- float [_readDelay](#)
- float [_writeDelay](#)

Static Private Attributes

- const float [DEFAULT_READ_DELAY](#) = 1
- const float [DEFAULT_WRITE_DELAY](#) = 1

3.3.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.3.1.1 [ACEthComm::ACEthComm](#) (string *device*, string *settings*) [inline]

Constructor

3.3.1.2 [ACEthComm::ACEthComm](#) (const [ACEthComm](#) & *channel*) [inline]

Constructor

3.3.2 Member Function Documentation

3.3.2.1 int [ACEthComm::Close](#) () [virtual]

The Close method allows to close the channel

Implements [ACComm](#).

3.3.2.2 int [ACEthComm::Open](#) () [virtual]

The Open method allows to open the channel

Implements [ACComm](#).

3.3.2.3 int ACEthComm::Read (string & message, ...) [virtual]

The Read method allows to read in the channel

Parameters:

message The message to be read

... The parametrization must be either of the following:

- NULL : default mode
- "DELAY",delay (usec) : using a specific delay before reading

Implements [ACComm](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:

**3.3.2.4 int ACEthComm::ReadDelay (string & message, int usec) [private, virtual]**

The ReadDelay reads with a delay

Parameters:

message The read message string

usec Delay in microseconds

3.3.2.5 int ACEthComm::Write (string & message, ...) [virtual]

The Write method allows to write in the channel

Parameters:

message The message to be read

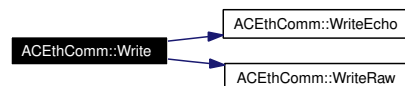
... The parametrization must be either of the following:

- NULL : default mode (includes NULL terminal character)
- "RAW" : does not include NULL terminal character
- "ECHO" : echo mode writes character by character, each write followed by a single character read.

The message string must be finished with '\r' character

Implements [ACComm](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:

**3.3.2.6 int ACEthComm::WriteEcho (string message) [private, virtual]**

The WriteEcho methods writes to the channel character by character, each write followed by a single character read.

Parameters:

message The written message string

3.3.2.7 `int ACEthComm::WriteRaw (string message)` [private, virtual]

The WriteRaw methods writes to the channel without additional NULL character added.

Parameters:

message The written message string

3.3.3 Field Documentation

3.3.3.1 `fd_set ACEthComm::_master` [private]

The internal file descriptor set

3.3.3.2 `float ACEthComm::_readDelay` [private]

The internal read delay

3.3.3.3 `int ACEthComm::_sock` [private]

The initial socket file descriptor

3.3.3.4 `float ACEthComm::_writeDelay` [private]

The internal write delay

3.3.3.5 `const float ACEthComm::DEFAULT_READ_DELAY = 1` [static, private]

The default read delay

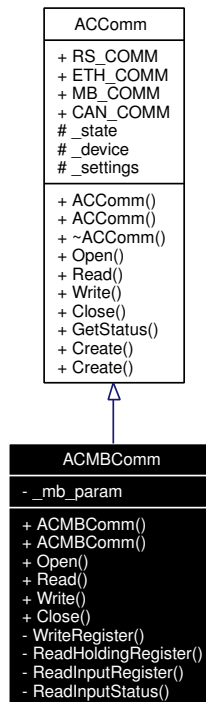
3.3.3.6 `const float ACEthComm::DEFAULT_WRITE_DELAY = 1` [static, private]

The default write delay

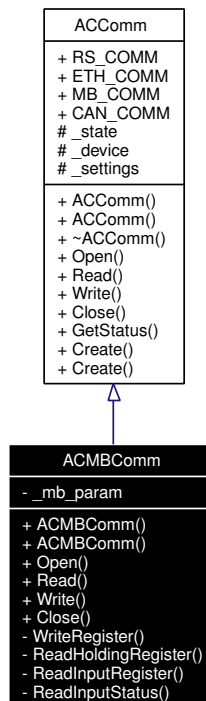
3.4 ACMBComm Class Reference

```
#include <ACMBComm.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for ACMBComm:



Collaboration diagram for ACMBComm:



Public Member Functions

- [ACMBComm](#) (string device, string settings)

- [ACMBComm](#) (const [ACMBComm](#) &channel)
- virtual int [Open](#) ()
- virtual int [Read](#) (string &message,...)
- virtual int [Write](#) (string &message,...)
- virtual int [Close](#) ()

Private Member Functions

- virtual int [WriteRegister](#) (int mb_addr, int mb_slave, int mb_value)
- virtual int [ReadHoldingRegister](#) (string &message, int mb_num, int mb_addr, int mb_slave, uint16_t *mb_value)
- virtual int [ReadInputRegister](#) (string &message, int mb_num, int mb_addr, int mb_slave, uint16_t *mb_value)
- virtual int [ReadInputStatus](#) (string &message, int mb_num, int mb_addr, int mb_slave, uint8_t *mb_value)

Private Attributes

- modbus_param_t [_mb_param](#)

3.4.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.4.1.1 [ACMBComm::ACMBComm](#) (string *device*, string *settings*) [inline]

Constructor

3.4.1.2 [ACMBComm::ACMBComm](#) (const [ACMBComm](#) & *channel*) [inline]

Constructor

3.4.2 Member Function Documentation

3.4.2.1 int [ACMBComm::Close](#) () [virtual]

The Close method allows to close the channel

Implements [ACComm](#).

3.4.2.2 int [ACMBComm::Open](#) () [virtual]

The Open method allows to open the channel

Implements [ACComm](#).

3.4.2.3 int [ACMBComm::Read](#) (string & *message*, ...) [virtual]

The Read method allows to read in the channel

Parameters:

message The message to be read

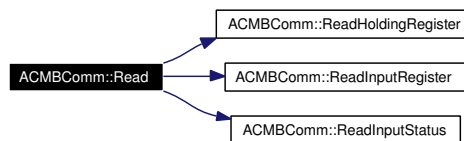
... The parametrization must be either of the following:

- NULL : no default mode (will return a failure)

- "HOLDING",mb_num (int), mb_address (int), mb_slave (int), mb_value (uint16_t*): reads a value array using the read_holding_registers function
- "INPUT",mb_num (int), mb_address (int), mb_slave (int), mb_value (uint16_t*): reads a value array using the read_input_registers function
- "STATUS",mb_num (int), mb_address (int), mb_slave (int), mb_value (uint8_t*): reads a value array using the read_input_status function

Implements [ACComm](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



3.4.2.4 int ACMBComm::ReadHoldingRegister (string & message, int mb_num, int mb_addr, int mb_slave, uint16_t * mb_value) [private, virtual]

The ReadHoldingRegister method uses read_holding_registers function to read the value from a single register.

Parameters:

- message* The returned value (in string format)
- mb_num* The number of values to be read
- mb_addr* The register address
- mb_slave* The slave flag (for example: 0xFF)
- mb_value* The array of value

3.4.2.5 int ACMBComm::ReadInputRegister (string & message, int mb_num, int mb_addr, int mb_slave, uint16_t * mb_value) [private, virtual]

The ReadInputRegister method uses read_input_registers function to read the value from a single register.

Parameters:

- message* The returned value (in string format)
- mb_num* The number of values to be read
- mb_addr* The register address
- mb_slave* The slave flag (for example: 0xFF)
- mb_value* The array of value

3.4.2.6 int ACMBComm::ReadInputStatus (string & message, int mb_num, int mb_addr, int mb_slave, uint8_t * mb_value) [private, virtual]

The ReadInputStatus method uses read_input_status function to read the value from a single register.

Parameters:

- message* The returned value (in string format)
mb_num The number of values to be read
mb_addr The register address
mb_slave The slave flag (for example: 0xFF)
mb_value The array of value

3.4.2.7 int ACMBComm::Write (string & message, ...) [virtual]

The Write method allows to write in the channel

Parameters:

- message* The message to be read
 ... The parametrization must be either of the following:
- NULL : no default mode (will return a failure)
 - "SINGLE", *mb_address* (int), *mb_slave* (int), *mb_value* (int): writes a single value using the `preset_single_register` function

Implements [ACComm](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:

**3.4.2.8 int ACMBComm::WriteRegister (int mb_addr, int mb_slave, int mb_value) [private, virtual]**

The WriteRegister method uses `preset_single_register` function to write the value for a single register.

Parameters:

- mb_addr* The register address
mb_slave The slave flag (for example: 0xFF)
mb_value The value to be written

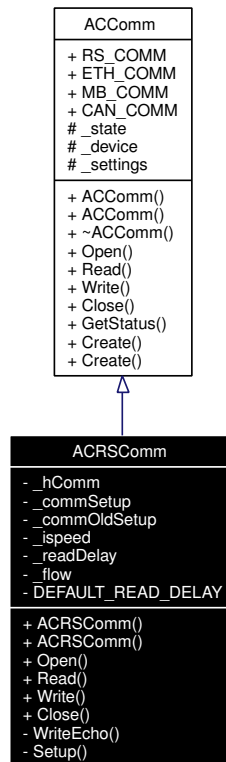
3.4.3 Field Documentation**3.4.3.1 modbus_param_t ACMBComm::_mb_param [private]**

The MODBUS channel object

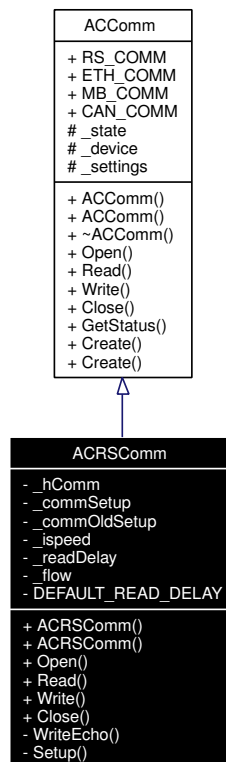
3.5 ACRSComm Class Reference

```
#include <ACRSComm.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for ACRSComm:



Collaboration diagram for ACRSComm:



Public Member Functions

- [ACRSCComm](#) (string device, string settings)
- [ACRSCComm](#) (const [ACRSCComm](#) &channel)
- virtual int [Open](#) ()
- virtual int [Read](#) (string &message,...)
- virtual int [Write](#) (string &message,...)
- virtual int [Close](#) ()

Private Member Functions

- virtual int [WriteEcho](#) (string message)
- int [Setup](#) ()

Private Attributes

- int [_hComm](#)
- termios [_commSetup](#)
- termios [_commOldSetup](#)
- int [_ispeed](#)
- int [_readDelay](#)
- char [_flow](#) [32]

Static Private Attributes

- const int [DEFAULT_READ_DELAY](#) = 20

3.5.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.5.1.1 [ACRSCComm::ACRSCComm](#) (string *device*, string *settings*) [inline]

Constructor

3.5.1.2 [ACRSCComm::ACRSCComm](#) (const [ACRSCComm](#) & *channel*) [inline]

Constructor

3.5.2 Member Function Documentation

3.5.2.1 int [ACRSCComm::Close](#) () [virtual]

The Close method allows to close the channel

Implements [ACComm](#).

3.5.2.2 int ACRSComm::Open () [virtual]

The Open method allows to open the channel

Implements [ACComm](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:

**3.5.2.3 int ACRSComm::Read (string & message, ...) [virtual]**

The Read method allows to read in the channel

Parameters:

message The message to be read

... The parametrization must be either of the following:

- NULL : default mode

Implements [ACComm](#).

3.5.2.4 int ACRSComm::Setup () [private]

The Setup method initialize the RS232 properties

Here is the call graph for this function:

**3.5.2.5 int ACRSComm::Write (string & message, ...) [virtual]**

The Write method allows to write in the channel

Parameters:

message The message to be read

... The parametrization must be either of the following:

- NULL : default mode
- "ECHO" : echo mode writes character by character, each write followed by a single character read.
The message string must be finished with '/r' character

Implements [ACComm](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



3.5.2.6 int `ACRSCComm::WriteEcho` (string *message*) [`private`, `virtual`]

The `WriteEcho` methods writes to the channel character by character, each write followed by a single character read.

Parameters:

message The written message string

3.5.3 Field Documentation

3.5.3.1 struct `termios ACRSCComm::_commOldSetup` [`private`]

former communication setup

3.5.3.2 struct `termios ACRSCComm::_commSetup` [`private`]

current communication setup

3.5.3.3 char `ACRSCComm::_flow`[32] [`private`]

The internal flow type can be :

- NONE : default flow control
- XONXOFF

3.5.3.4 int `ACRSCComm::_hComm` [`private`]

Internal file descriptor

3.5.3.5 int `ACRSCComm::_ispeed` [`private`]

The internal baud rate (can be set by the server configuration)

3.5.3.6 int `ACRSCComm::_readDelay` [`private`]

The internal read delay known as `vtime` parameter (can be set by the server configuration)

3.5.3.7 const int `ACRSCComm::DEFAULT_READ_DELAY` = 20 [`static`, `private`]

The default read delay

4 AdvancedCommunication File Documentation

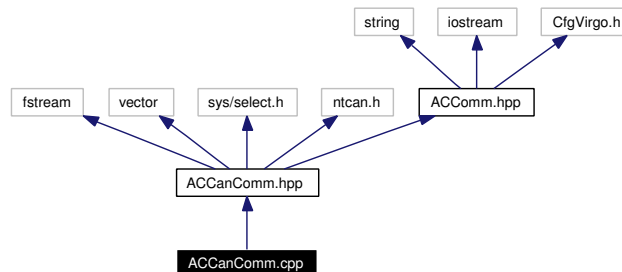
4.1 ACCanComm.cpp File Reference

4.1.1 Detailed Description

Class `ACCanComm` This class provides a set of operations to perform Canbus tcp/ip socket based communication over ethernet Only CBM-AI4 of EtherCan is supported (used by IMMS)


```
#include "ACCcanComm.hpp"
```

Include dependency graph for ACCanComm.cpp:



4.2 ACCanComm.hpp File Reference

4.2.1 Detailed Description

Class [ACCcanComm](#)

This class provides a set of operations to perform communication with an analog CBM-API over EtherCan

```
#include <fstream>
```

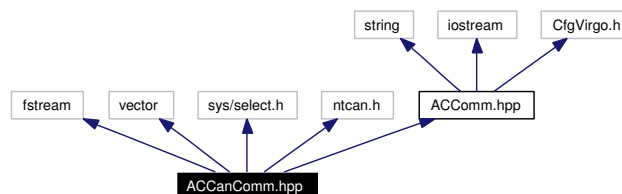
```
#include <vector>
```

```
#include <sys/select.h>
```

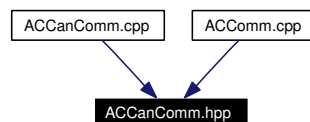
```
#include "ntcan.h"
```

```
#include "ACComm.hpp"
```

Include dependency graph for ACCanComm.hpp:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Namespaces

- namespace [std](#)

Data Structures

- class [ACCanComm](#)

Defines

- #define [NTCAN_FAILURE](#) -1
- #define [CAN_SLEEP](#) 1000
- #define [CANDEBUG](#) 1

Variables

- const int [DI08_SDO_ANSWER_READ_ID](#) = 0x300
- const int [DI08_SDO_REQUEST_SEND](#) = 0x301
- const int [SDO_READ_FAILED](#) = 0x10000
- const int [SDO_READ_SUCCEEDED](#) = 0
- const int [SDO_ANSWER_READ_ID](#) = 0x580
- const int [SDO_REQUEST_SEND](#) = 0x600
- const int [SDO_READ_CODE](#) = 0x40
- const int [SDO_ERROR_CODE](#) = 0x80
- const int [SDO_LSB_DATA_INDEX](#) = 4
- const int [SDO_MSB_DATA_INDEX](#) = 5
- const int [ANALOGICAL_INPUT_ID_LSB](#) = 0x01
- const int [ANALOGICAL_INPUT_ID_MSB](#) = 0x64
- const unsigned long [MODE](#) = 0
- const long [TXQUEUESIZE](#) = 1
- const long [RXQUEUESIZE](#) = 1
- const long [TXTIMEOUT](#) = 5000
- const long [RXTIMEOUT](#) = 5000
- const unsigned long [BAUDRATE](#) = 2
- const int [START_NODE](#) []

4.2.2 Define Documentation

4.2.2.1 #define [CAN_SLEEP](#) 1000

4.2.2.2 #define [CANDEBUG](#) 1

4.2.2.3 #define [NTCAN_FAILURE](#) -1

4.2.3 Variable Documentation

4.2.3.1 const int [ANALOGICAL_INPUT_ID_LSB](#) = 0x01 [static]

4.2.3.2 const int [ANALOGICAL_INPUT_ID_MSB](#) = 0x64 [static]

4.2.3.3 const unsigned long [BAUDRATE](#) = 2 [static]

4.2.3.4 `const int DI08_SDO_ANSWER_READ_ID = 0x300` [static]

4.2.3.5 `const int DI08_SDO_REQUEST_SEND = 0x301` [static]

4.2.3.6 `const unsigned long MODE = 0` [static]

4.2.3.7 `const long RXQUEUEESIZE = 1` [static]

4.2.3.8 `const long RXTIMEOUT = 5000` [static]

4.2.3.9 `const int SDO_ANSWER_READ_ID = 0x580` [static]

4.2.3.10 `const int SDO_ERROR_CODE = 0x80` [static]

4.2.3.11 `const int SDO_LSB_DATA_INDEX = 4` [static]

4.2.3.12 `const int SDO_MSB_DATA_INDEX = 5` [static]

4.2.3.13 `const int SDO_READ_CODE = 0x40` [static]

4.2.3.14 `const int SDO_READ_FAILED = 0x10000`

4.2.3.15 `const int SDO_READ_SUCCEEDED = 0`

4.2.3.16 `const int SDO_REQUEST_SEND = 0x600` [static]

4.2.3.17 `const int START_NODE []` [static]

Initial value:

```
{  
  0x1, 0x0, 130, 129  
}
```

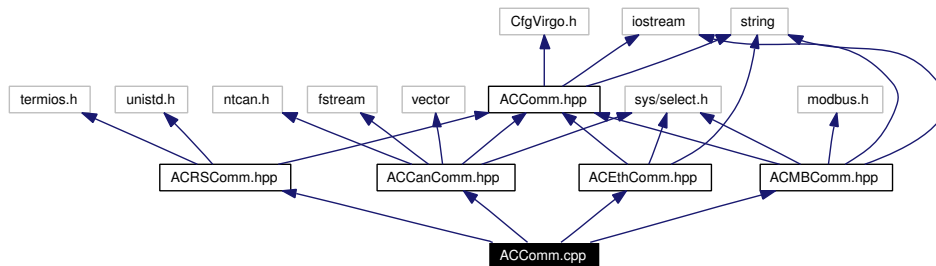
4.2.3.18 `const long TXQUEUEESIZE = 1` [static]

4.2.3.19 `const long TXTIMEOUT = 5000` [static]

4.3 ACComm.cpp File Reference

```
#include "ACRSComm.hpp"
#include "ACEthComm.hpp"
#include "ACCanComm.hpp"
#include "ACMBComm.hpp"
```

Include dependency graph for ACComm.cpp:



4.4 ACComm.hpp File Reference

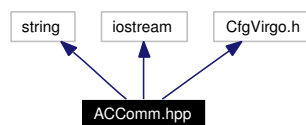
4.4.1 Detailed Description

Class [ACComm](#)

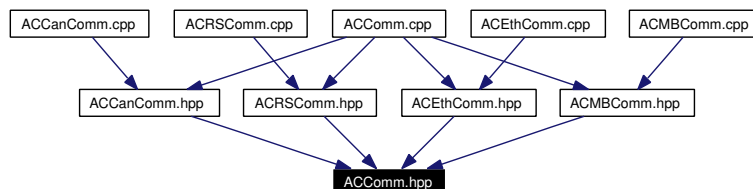
This class provides a superclass of communication channels.

```
#include <string>
#include <iostream>
#include "CfgVirgo.h"
```

Include dependency graph for ACComm.hpp:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Data Structures

- class [ACComm](#)

Defines

- #define [ADVCOMMDEBUG](#) 2
- #define [STRLENGTH](#) 1024

4.4.2 Define Documentation

4.4.2.1 #define ADVCOMMDEBUG 2

4.4.2.2 #define STRLENGTH 1024

4.5 ACEthComm.cpp File Reference

4.5.1 Detailed Description

Class [ACEthComm](#) This class provides a set of operations to perform tcp/ip socket based communication

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#include <signal.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <limits.h>
#include <netdb.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include "ACEthComm.hpp"
```

Include dependency graph for ACEthComm.cpp:



4.6 ACEthComm.hpp File Reference

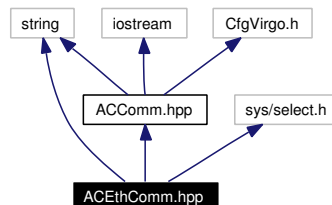
4.6.1 Detailed Description

Class [ACEthComm](#)

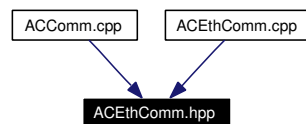
This class provides a set of operations to perform communication via a Tcp/Ip socket.

```
#include "ACComm.hpp"
#include <string>
#include <sys/select.h>
```

Include dependency graph for ACEthComm.hpp:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Data Structures

- class [ACEthComm](#)

Defines

- #define [_ACETHCOMM_H_](#)

4.6.2 Define Documentation

4.6.2.1 #define _ACETHCOMM_H_

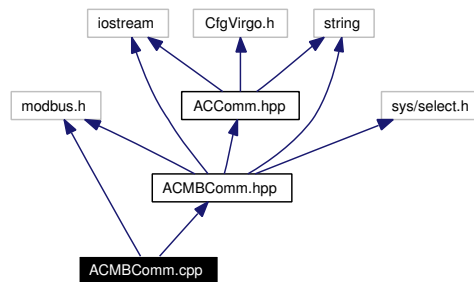
4.7 ACMBComm.cpp File Reference

4.7.1 Detailed Description

Class [ACMBComm](#) This class provides a set of operations to perform modbus tcp/ip socket based communication

```
#include <modbus.h>
#include "ACMBComm.hpp"
```

Include dependency graph for ACMBComm.cpp:



Defines

- #define [Success](#) 1
- #define [Failure](#) 0

4.7.2 Define Documentation

4.7.2.1 #define Failure 0

4.7.2.2 #define Success 1

4.8 ACMBComm.hpp File Reference

4.8.1 Detailed Description

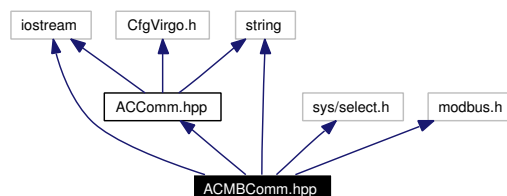
Class [ACMBComm](#)

This class provides a set of operations to perform communication via a Tcp/Ip socket.

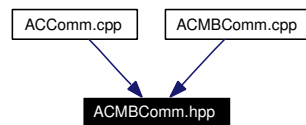
```

#include <iostream>
#include <string>
#include <sys/select.h>
#include <modbus.h>
#include "ACComm.hpp"
  
```

Include dependency graph for ACMBComm.hpp:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Data Structures

- class [ACMBComm](#)

Defines

- #define [_ACMBCOMM_H_](#)

4.8.2 Define Documentation

4.8.2.1 #define _ACMBCOMM_H_

4.9 ACComm.cpp File Reference

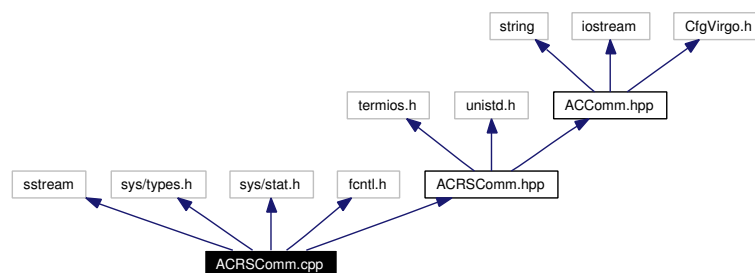
4.9.1 Detailed Description

Class [ACComm](#) This class provides a superclass of communication channels

```

#include <sstream>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include "ACComm.hpp"
  
```

Include dependency graph for ACComm.cpp:

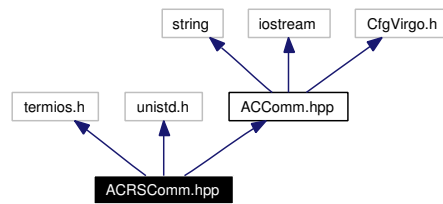


4.10 ACComm.hpp File Reference

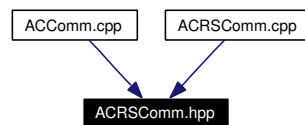
```

#include <termios.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include "ACComm.hpp"
  
```


Include dependency graph for ACRSCComm.hpp:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Data Structures

- class [ACRSCComm](#)

Defines

- #define [_ACRSCCOMM_H](#)

4.10.1 Define Documentation

4.10.1.1 #define _ACRSCCOMM_H

&file [ACRSCComm.hpp](#) Class [ACRSCComm](#) This class provides a set of operations to perform communications via a serial port.