DAC820d: Calibration & Test

Cascina, 25/05/09

1 Introduction

DAC820d offers the possibility to calibrate zero crossing distorsion, gain and offset for each channel. To calibrate the zero crossing distorsion, we generate a very low level signal (sine wave 100 μ Vpp at 10Hz) that easily allow to see and correct it (in the time domain).

We choose 10 Hz as reference frequency for all our measurement, because it is far from the cutting frequency of antialiasing filters, (set around 3.4kHz).

To calibrate gains, standard signal is 2.1Vpp at 10Hz.

We assume to have a vme crate equipped with one RIO cpu, one DSP, one ADC and the DAC to be tested.

1.1 Preliminary check and settings

- First check: Vcc, +15, -15 led on.
- 50 ohm termination jumper JP1: ON if the DAC is the last of the clock chain (JP1 is bottom left, near the front panel).
- Shells
 - Open a first shell for DSP server using ssh Connect to ctrl18.virgo.infn.it using the virgorun account. Then connect to the rio CPU by:

telnet rio101a(account:virgorun)

- Open a second shell for Damping client Connect to ctrl18.virgo.infn.it using the virgorun account.
- Open a third shell for dbase.dat, text file where you can save calibration values.

Connect to ctrl18.virgo.infn.it using the virgorun account.

nedit /virgoData/Sa/Damping/dbase.dat

1.2 Board configuration (optional)

• Address settings:

telnet rio101a (account virgorun, psw: grav...)

/virgoDev/Sa/ServerDamping/v0r2/RIO806X/dspmap.exe -e

you can set:

- VME address (9001xx00 where xx is serial number converted to hexadecimal)
- VBex address (40, 48, 50, ...)
- Board type (3 = ADC, 4 = DAC)
- Serial Number (first remove JP3)

Switch off the crate (reset the dsp/rio) in order to apply the modification.

1.3 Test 1: DAC sign

In the first shell, Start EServerDSP: Use the alias ES.

You should wait until doesn't appear "DSP is Idle"

In the second shell:

cd DACtest

Start the Damping interface using the alias Damping:

type: Damping rio101 "your name".

Load signtest dsp program.

HHL alldac

We generate a sinewave signal at 10Hz (2 V*pp*), added to a DC level of 1V. In this way you can easily check if each channel has the right sign.

1.4 Test 2: Harmonic distorsion

In the second shell:

HHL alldac

Set the COMB gain to 0.0001, then CQQD H Check in the DSP Server shell that the program has been downloaded correctly.

Turn the trimmer to minimize the distorsion (to reconstruct a sine wave signal).

1.5 Test 3: Gain Adjustment

We generate a sine wave signal at 10Hz, with amplitude 2.1V*pp*. For each channel measure the output voltage and write it to **dbase.dat** /**virgoDev/Sa/Damping/dbase.dat**).

1.6 Test 4: Offset Adjustment

Set at zero the comb gain, and measure the output offset (in the time domain), write each value to dbase.dat (with the opposite sign).